
Computer Graphics III

Introduction

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Antikvariat u Droukã

Grada

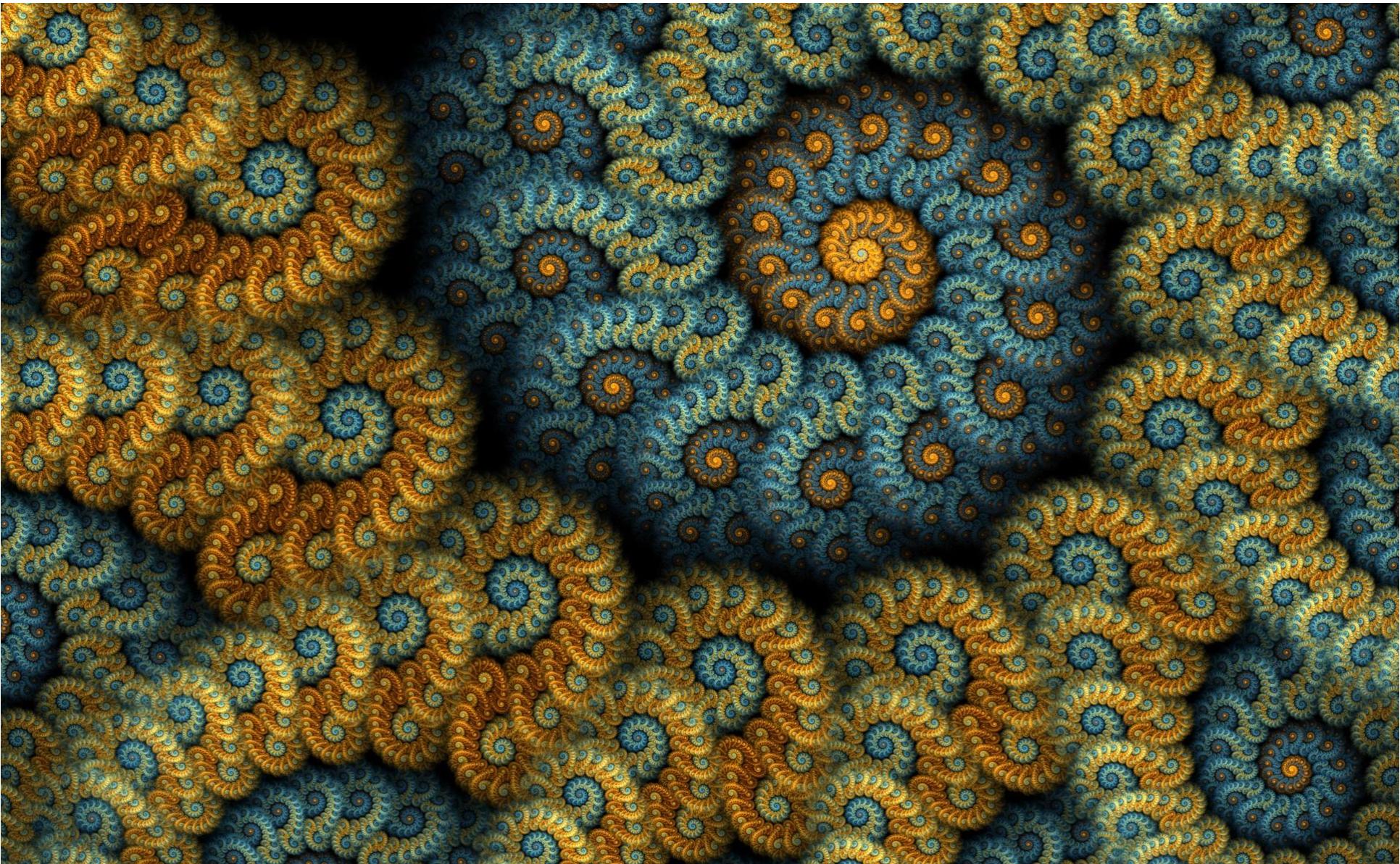
edice

Nestůjte za dveřmi

Jiř Zára a kolektiv

POČTAČOVÁ GRAFIKA – principy a algoritmy

- Moderní rastrová grafika
- Prostorové modelování a realistické zobrazování
 - Disketa s algoritmy



$$L_o = L_e + \int_{\Omega} L_i \cdot f_r \cdot \cos \theta \cdot d\omega$$

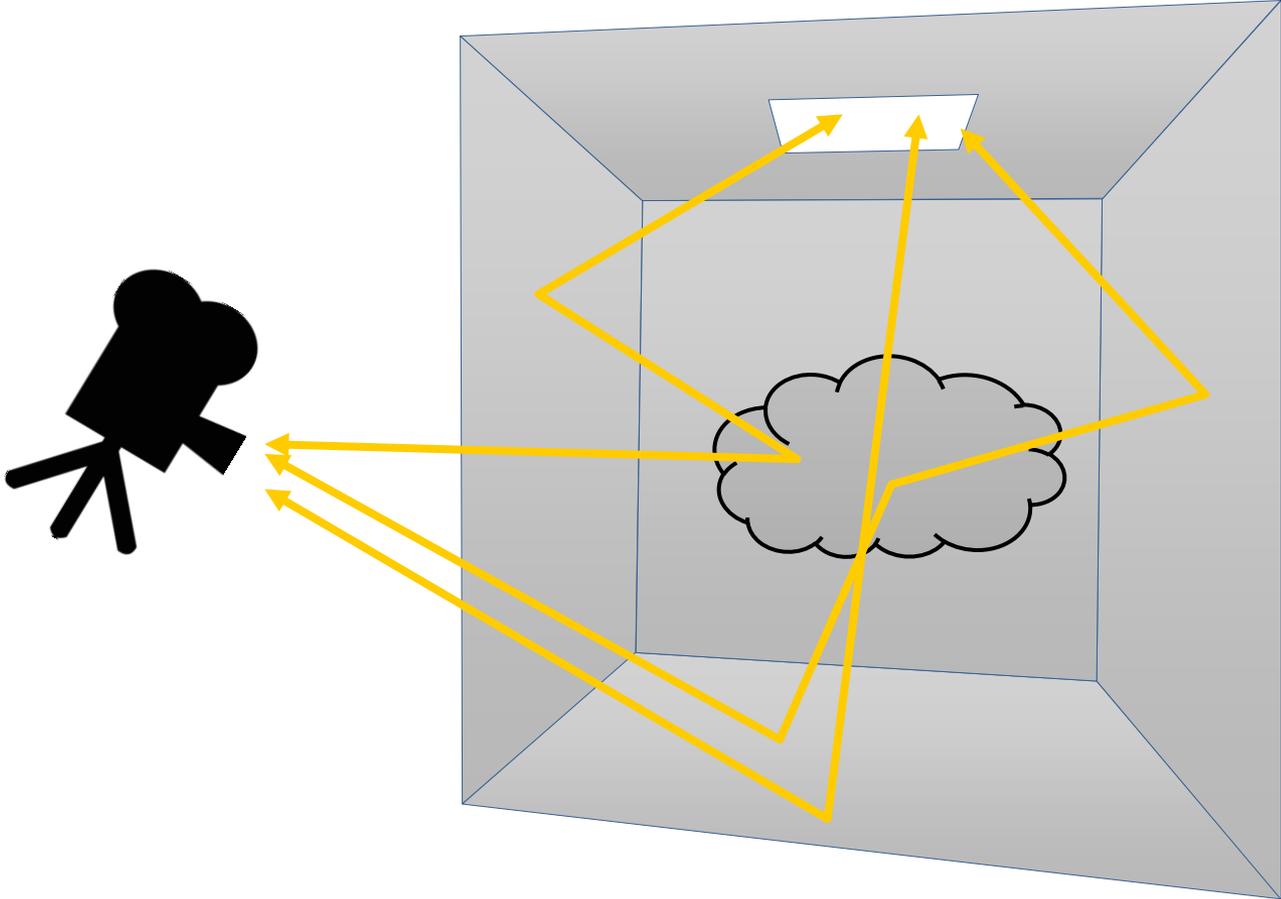
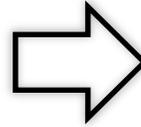


Image synthesis (rendering)



Given a scene description

Create an image
(that looks like reality)









01 EKTORP three-seat sofa
\$749

A room with a view

Put a rocking chair in front of your favourite window and experience how relaxing it is to get away from it all by just coming home. Life is in full swing outside, but you feel totally calm.

- 01 EKTORP three-seat sofa \$749** Seat cushions filled with high resilience foam and polyester fibre wadding; provide comfortable support for your body when seated and easily regain their shape when you rise. Cover: 53% linen, 47% viscose/lycra. W215x198, H88cm. Kaskine natural.
- 02 New FABRIKÖR glass-door cabinet \$399** The shelves in the cabinet are adjustable – makes it easy to adjust the height to suit what you want to store. May be completed with DÖDÖR LED lighting strip. Powder coated steel and tempered glass. Designer: Nike Karlsson. W57x154, H150cm. Light green 702.422.94
- 03 VÄRMÖÖ rocking-chair \$169** Wooden furniture that is suitable for both indoor and outdoor use. Solid pine. Designer: Nike Karlsson. W65xD74, H106cm. Black 002.059.59
- 04 BJÖRNLOKA rug, flatwoven \$199** The durable, soil-resistant wool surface makes this rug perfect in your living room or under your dining table. The rug is machine-woven. User surface: 100% pure new wool. W170xL240cm. Beige/black 402.290.05
- 05 HENNES coffee table \$229** Stained, clear lacquered solid pine. Designer: Carina Bengt. L98xW90, H46cm. Grey-brown 402.579.51



NEW
LOWER
PRICE
03 VÄRMÖÖ
rocking-chair \$169
\$169

04 BJÖRNLOKA rug,
flatwoven
\$199

Show products (3) ^





ŠKODA Rapid Catalogue







Image created by *Bertrand Benoit*
Rendered in *Corona Renderer*



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\$749

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03 VÄRMDÖ
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\$169

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flatwoven
\$199

IKEA[®]

Show products (3) ^





**Computer
Graphics
Charles
University**

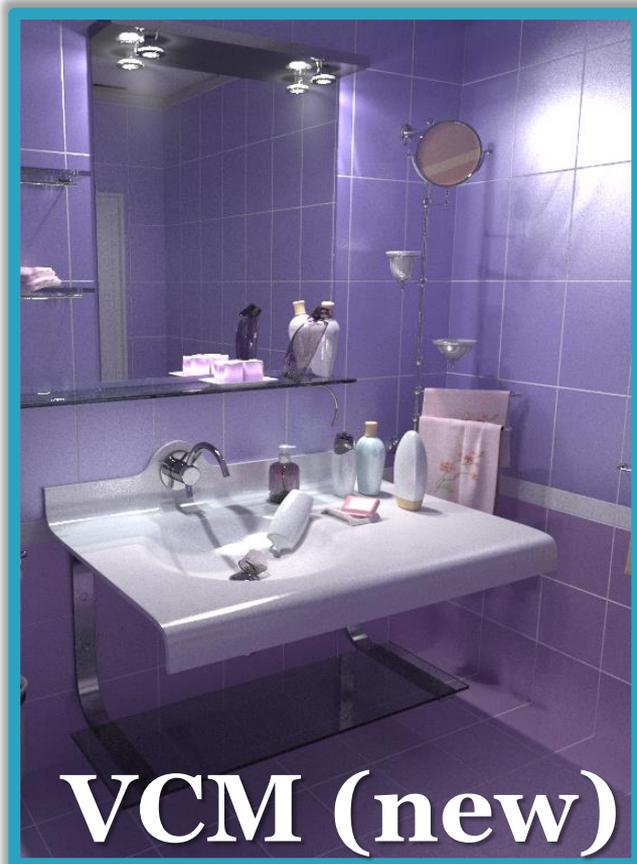


P I X A R

A N I M A T I O N S T U D I O S

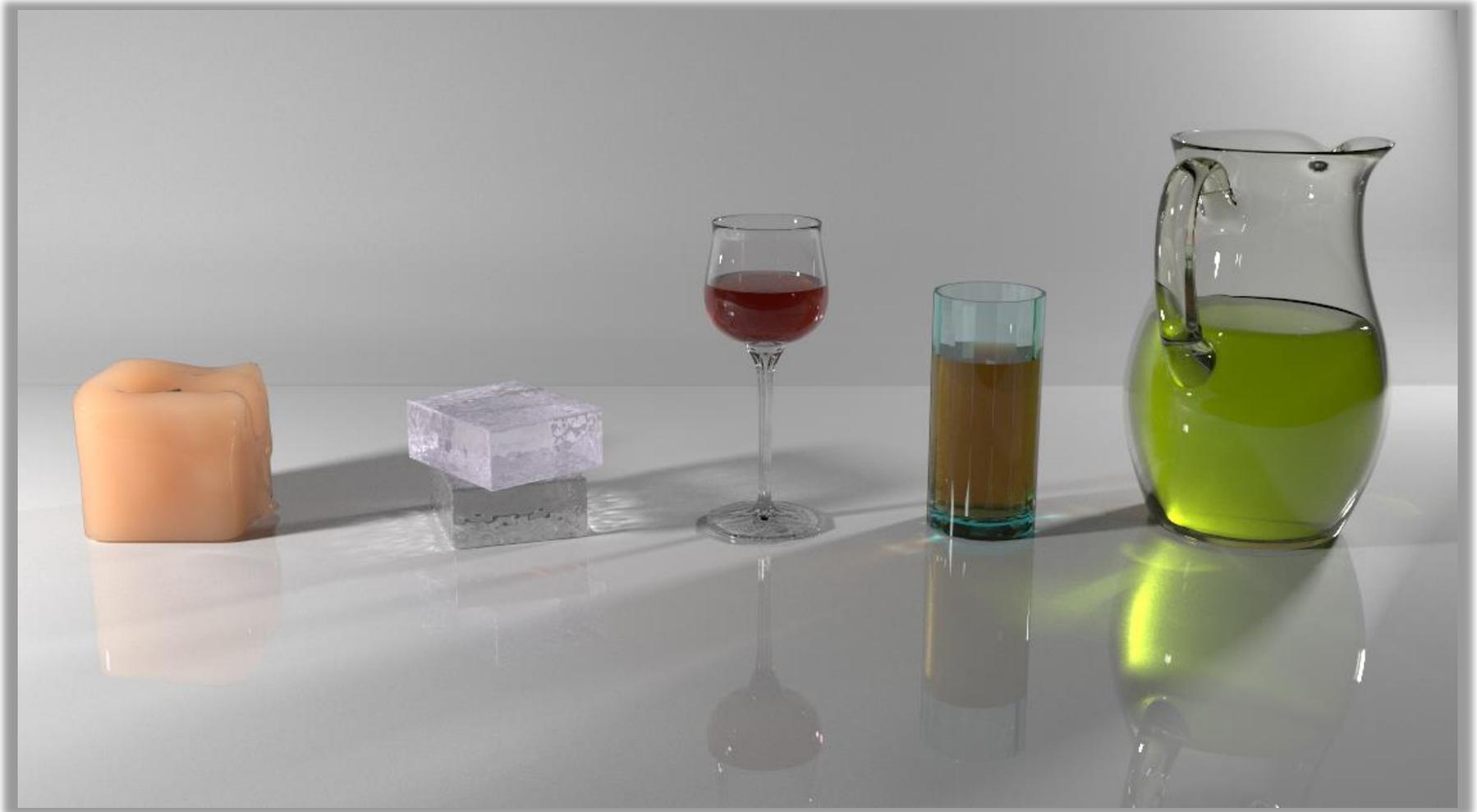
Vertex Connection & Merging (VCM)

SIGGRAPH Asia 2012

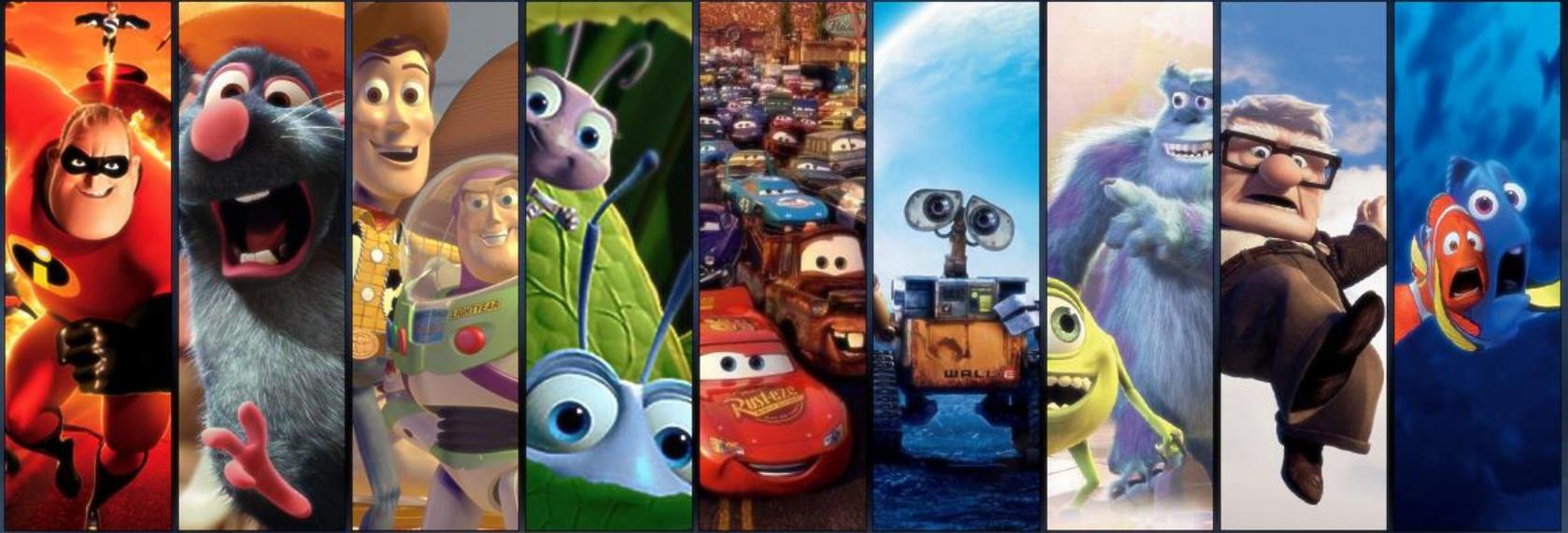


Robust rendering of volumetric media

SIGGRAPH 2014







PIXAR
ANIMATION STUDIOS







June, 2013







corona



CGG BBQ



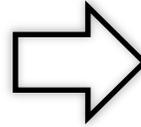
2015
HiVisComp





Image synthesis – A gentle intro

Image synthesis (rendering)



Given a scene description

Create an image
(that looks like reality)

Scene description

■ **Geometry**

- ❑ Where is which object and what shape does it have?
- ❑ Usually represented by triangular meshes
- ❑ Accessed via ray casting

■ **Surface reflectance**

- ❑ Surface color, glossiness, transparency, etc.
- ❑ Mathematical model: the BRDF

■ **Light sources**

- ❑ Spatial and directional distribution of emitted light
- ❑ Radiometric terms are used to describe this

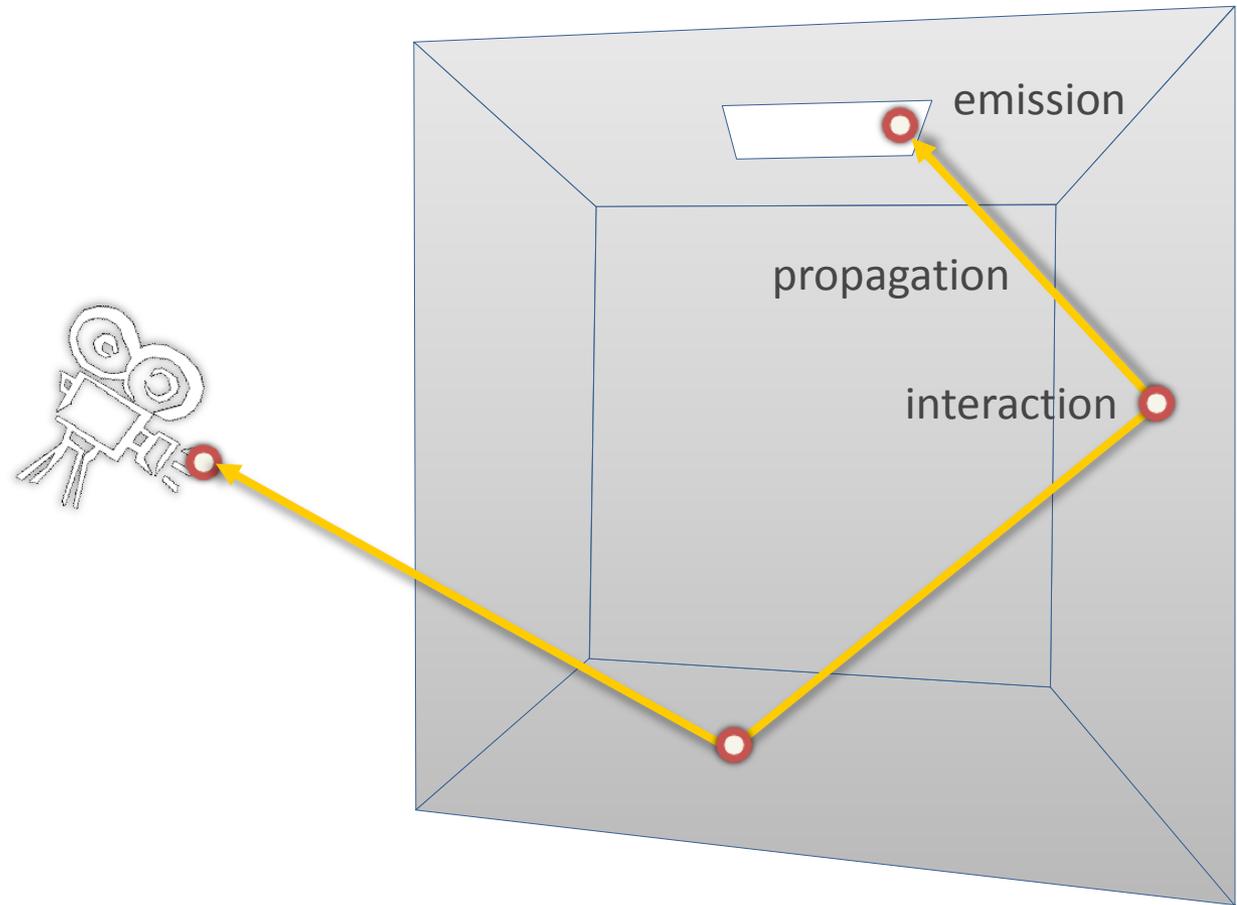
■ **Camera (sensor)**

- ❑ Position, orientation, type (perspective, spherical), etc.
- ❑ Mathematical model: the Measurement Equation

Application of realistic image synthesis

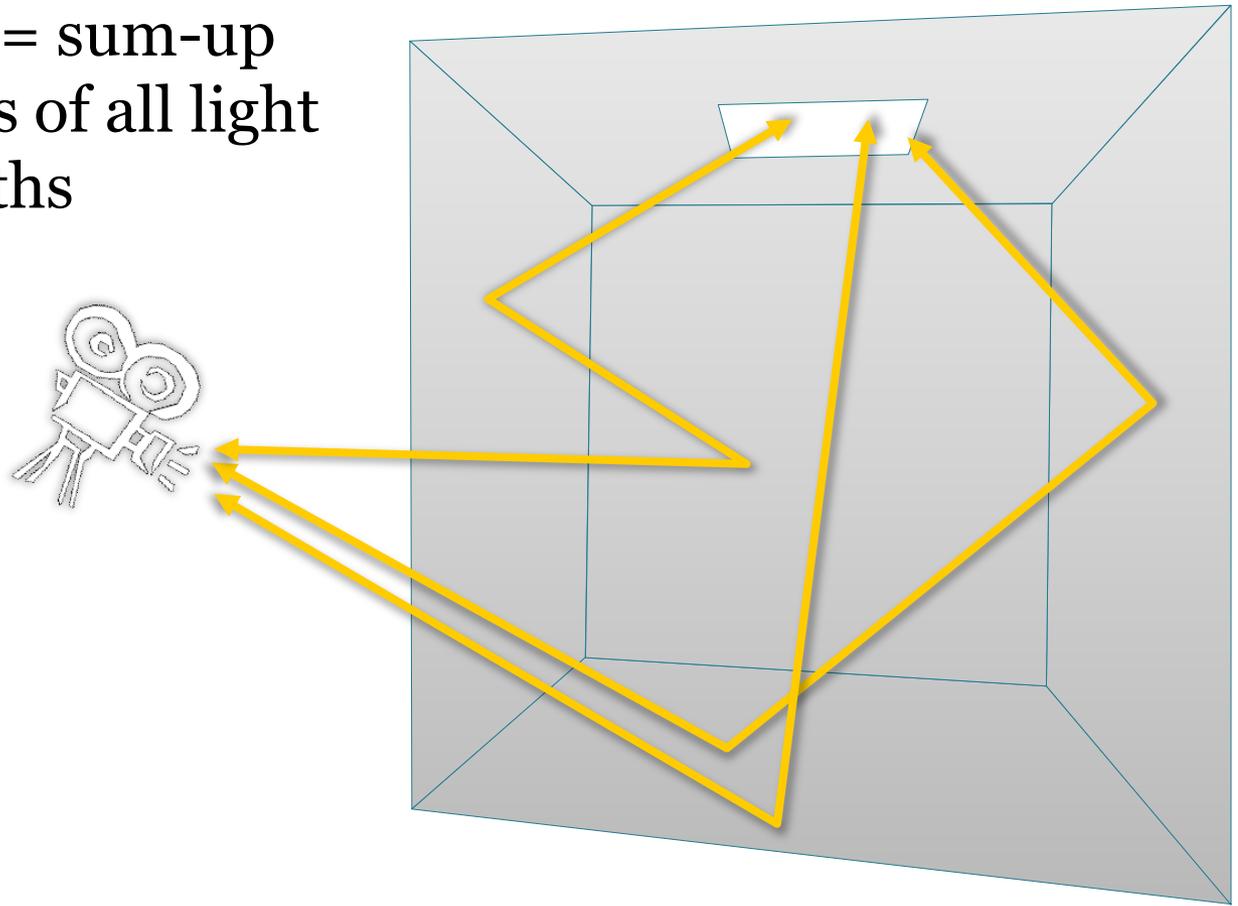
- Movie production
- Entertainment, games
- Industrial design
- Architecture
- Virtual showrooms
- On-line commerce
- Cultural heritage
- Virtual and augmented reality

Light transport simulation



Light transport simulation

- **Rendering** = sum-up contributions of all light transport paths



What's in the image?



Image courtesy Eugene d'Eon

What's in the image?

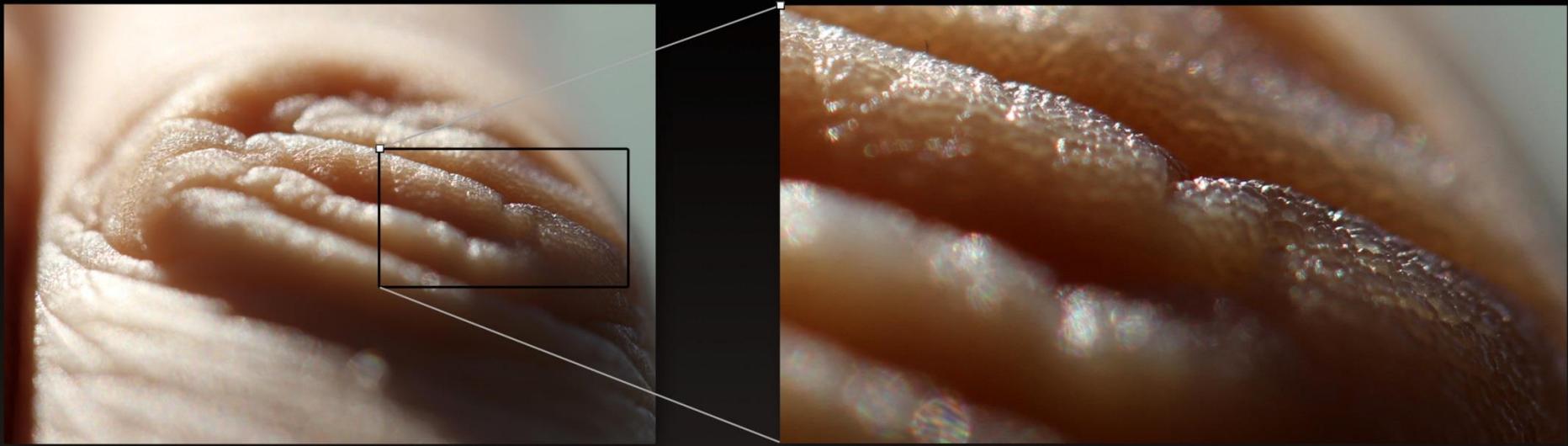
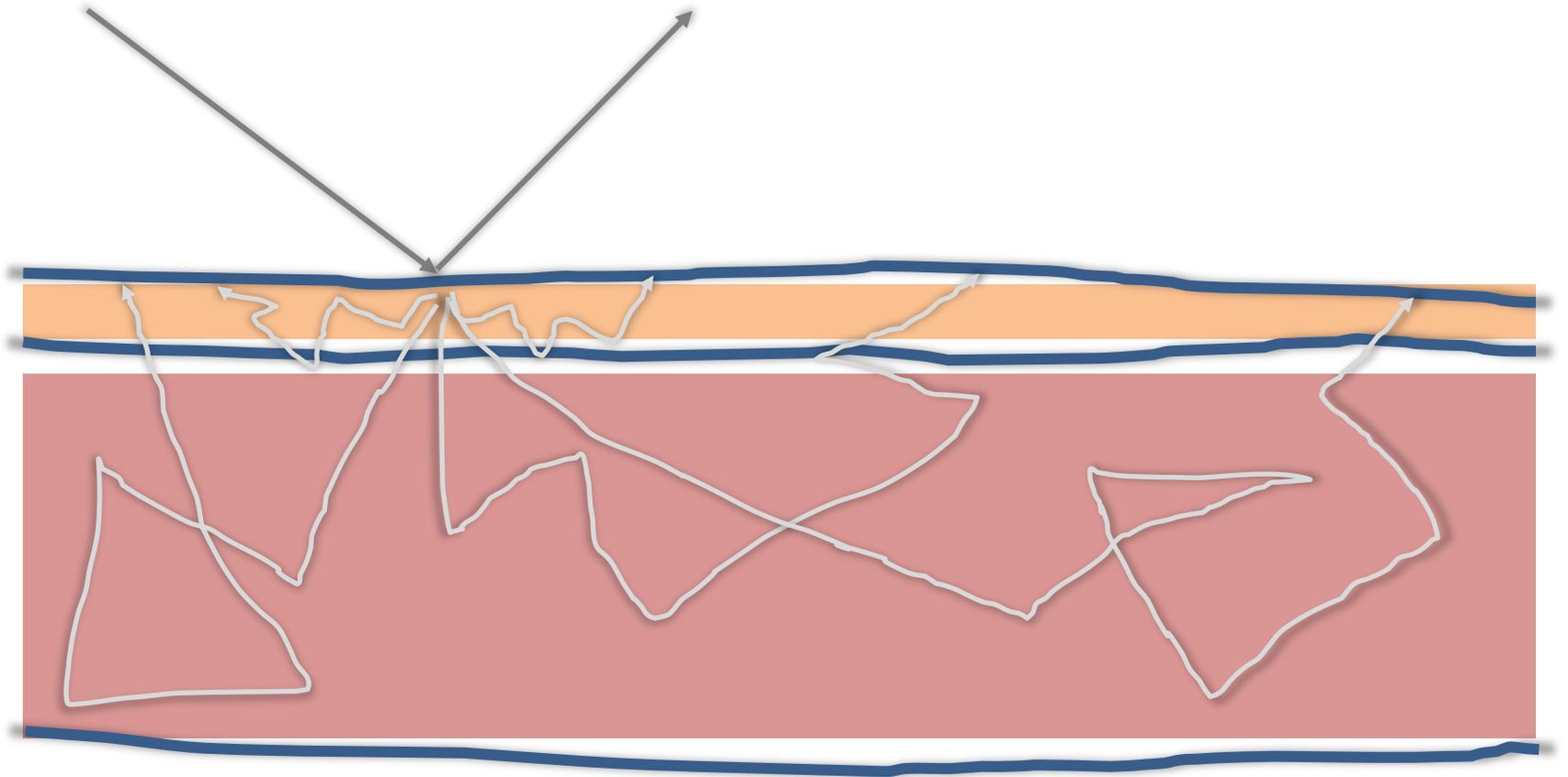
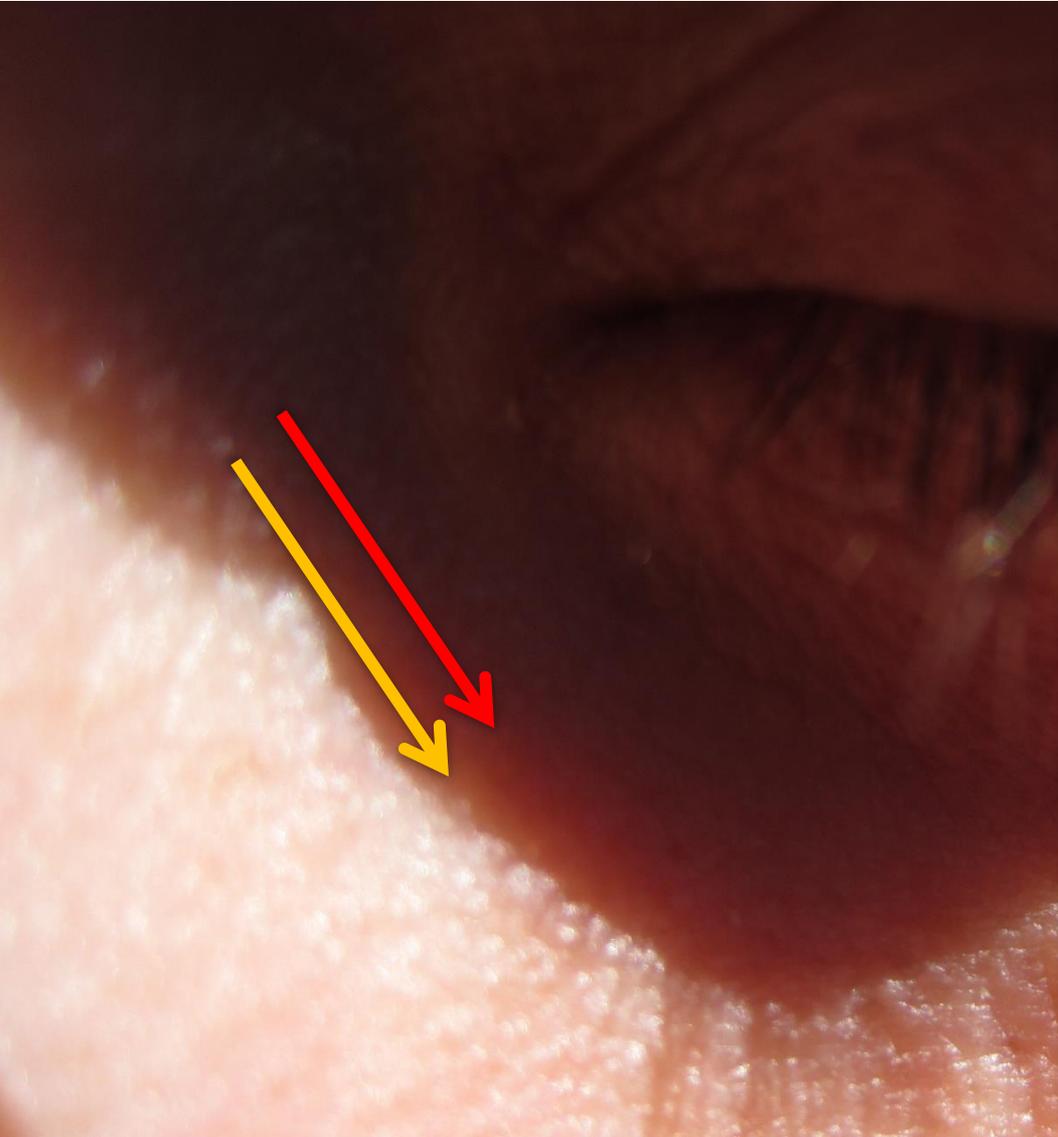


Image courtesy Eugene d'Eon

Why does skin look the way it does?



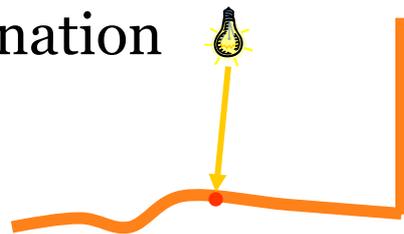
Subsurface scattering effects on skin



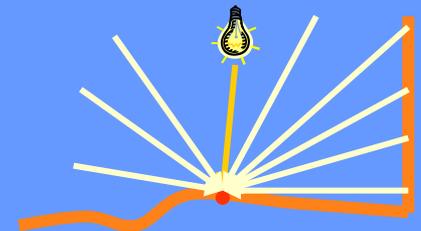
Global illumination – GI



Direct illumination



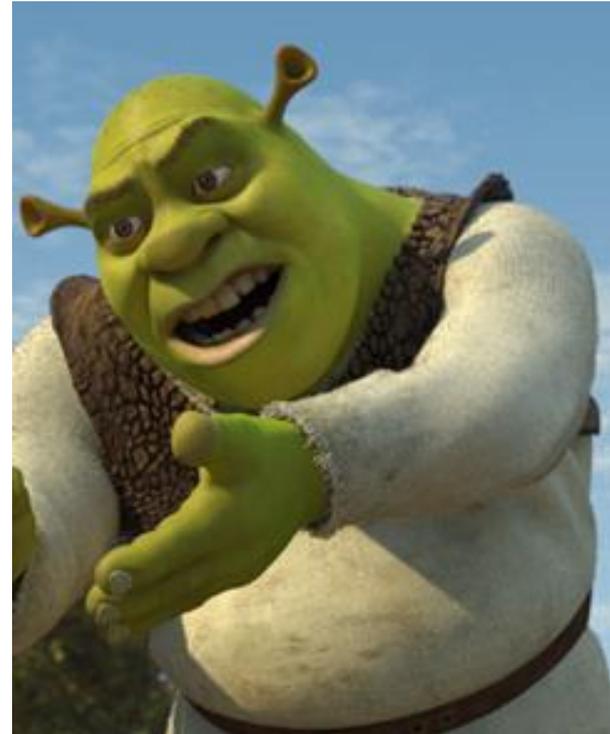
Global =
direct +
indirect



Globální osvětlení

■ Direct illumination

- Light reflects only once on its way from the source to the camera



■ Global illumination

- Global = Direct + Indirect
- Light transport between surfaces in the scene
- Multiple reflections/refractions

Global illumination effects

- Ideal (mirror) reflection / refraction
- Color bleeding
- Caustics



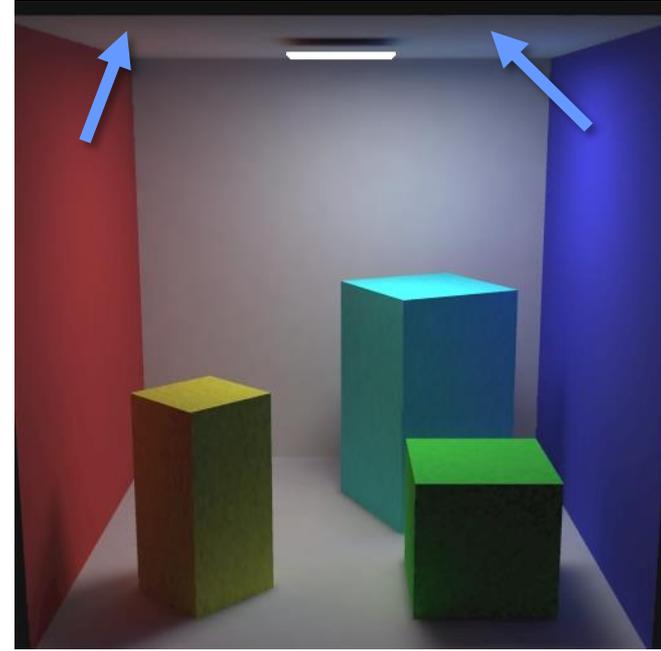
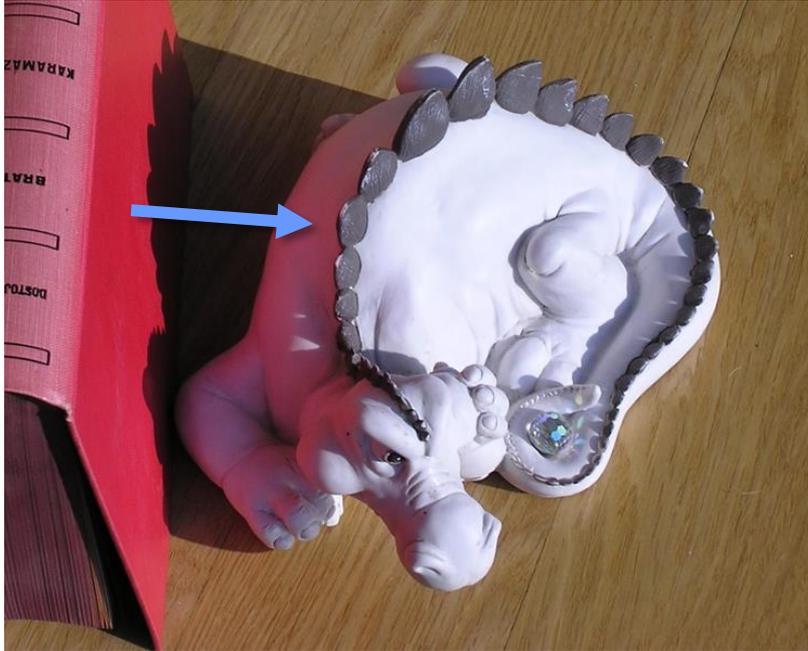
Modeling: Stephen Duck; Rendering: Henrik Wann Jensen

Ideal (mirror) reflection/refraction

- Glass, mirror, water surface
- E.g. the image we see on a water surface is due to light in a completely different part of the scene (bottom, environment, sky, sun)



Color bleeding

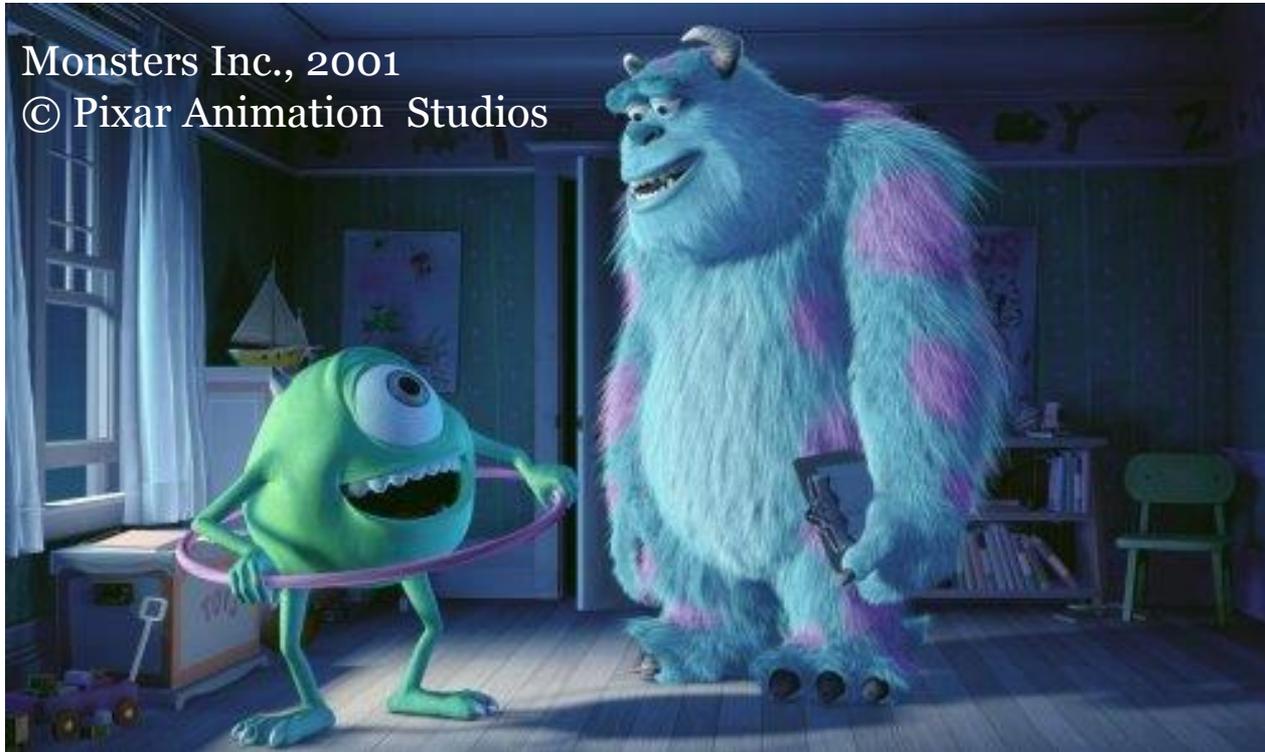


- Light reflected from one diffuse surface onto another
- Important for understanding of the spatial relationships of objects in a given scene (this happens subconsciously)

Color bleeding



“Manual” global illumination



- Manually placed light sources as a proxy for GI
 - E.g. The cyan-ish tint on Mike Wazowski “reflected” from Sulley’s belly
- Was used before full GI simulation started to be feasible

Caustics

- Focusing of light as it's reflected or refracted, leading to local increase of intensity



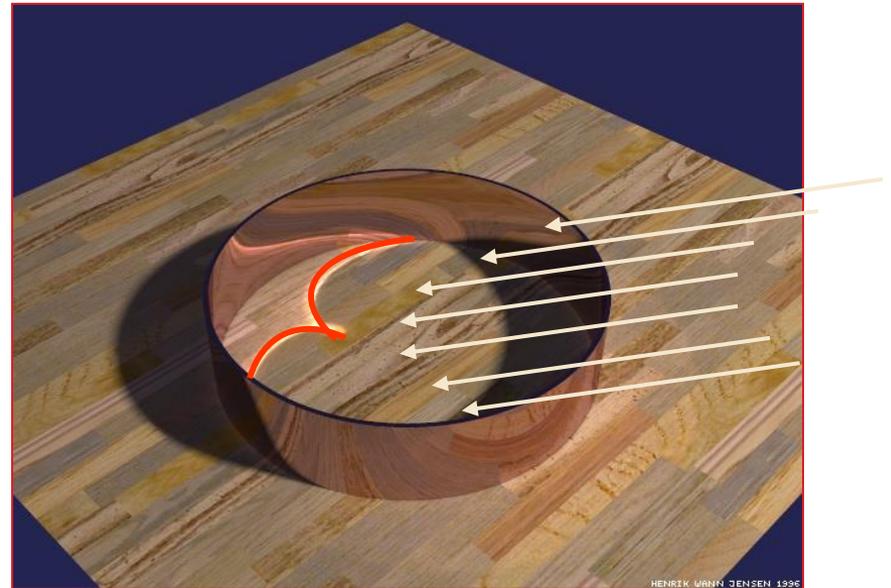
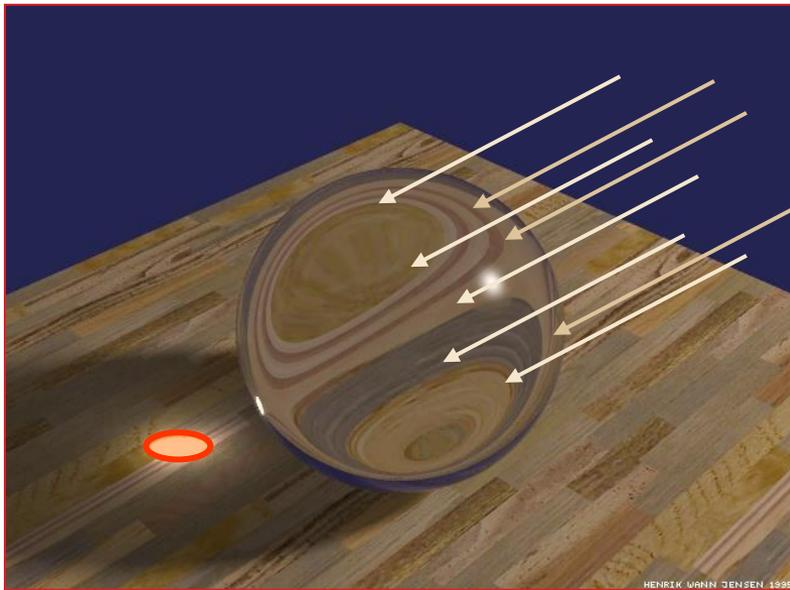
Photograph



Simulation using photon maps

Caustics

- In physics or in computer vision, a caustic refers to a singularity of light intensity (infinite density of light energy)



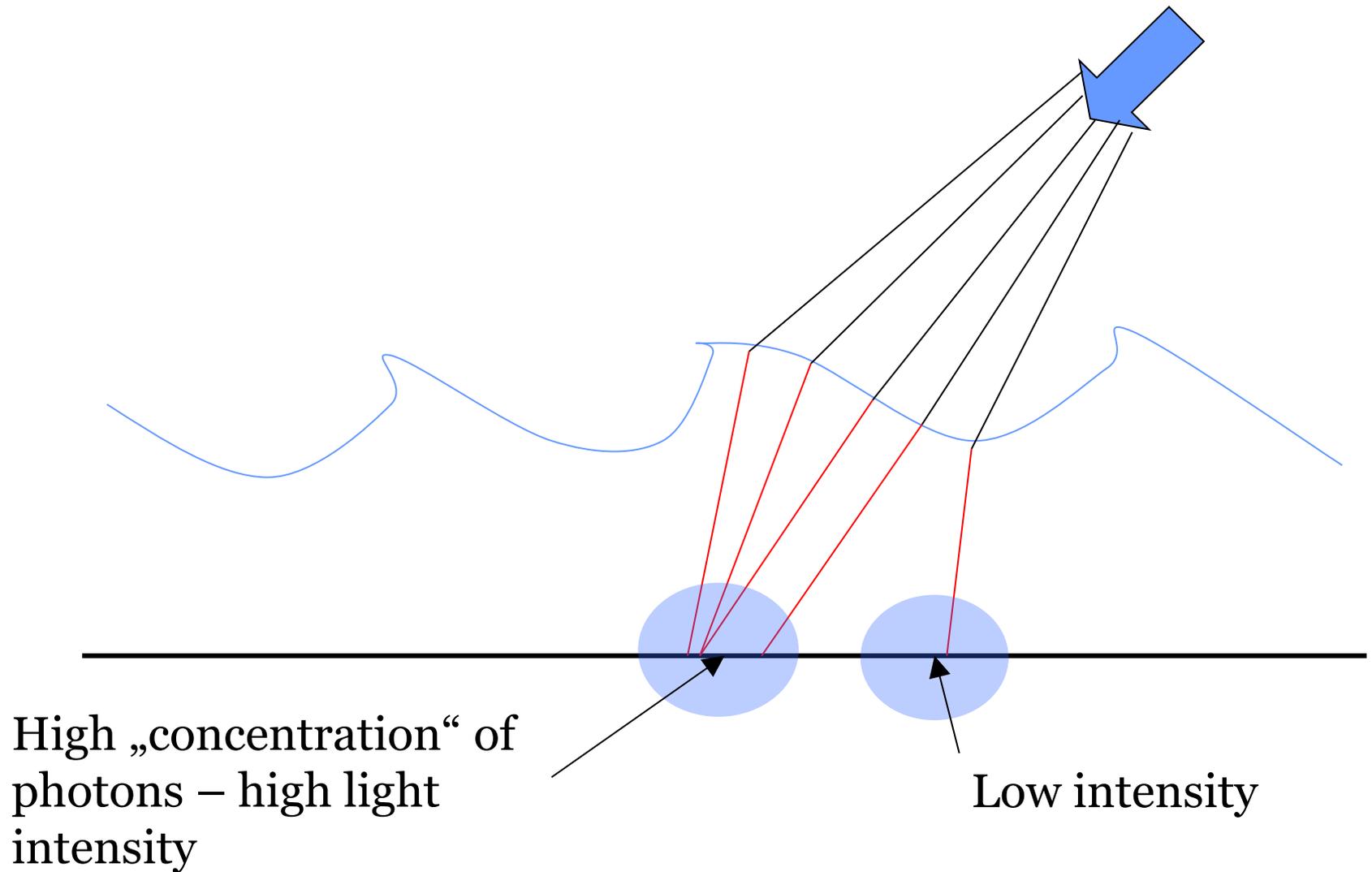
What do we see when we look at a surface of a swimming pool?



- Reflections + refractions on water surface
- Caustics at the bottom



Caustics under water surface

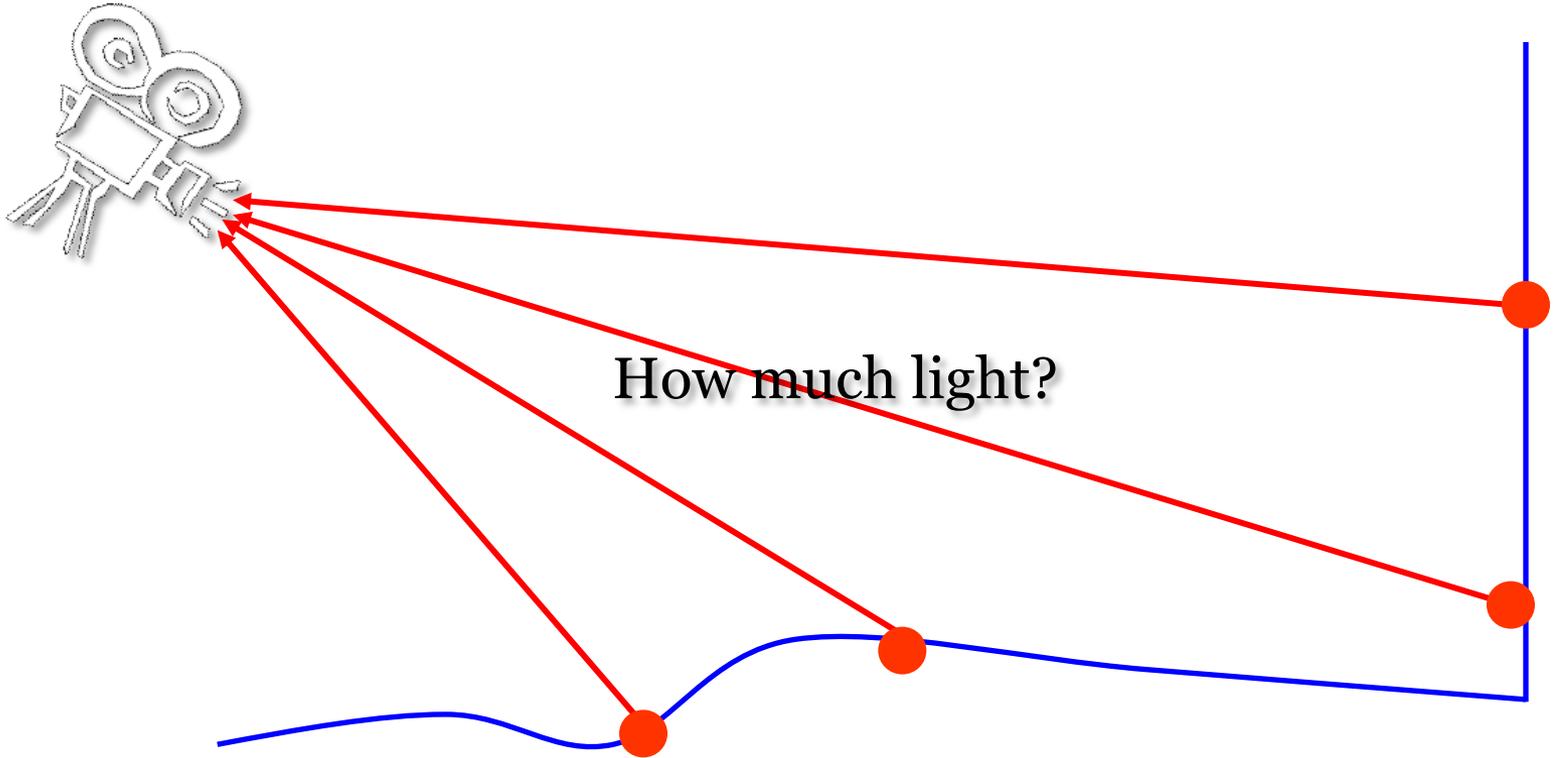


Realistic image synthesis: Ingredients

- Describe the “amount of light” in space – **radiometry**
- Describe light interaction with surfaces – **BRDF**
- Describe equilibrium light distribution – **rendering equation (RE)**
- Image rendering = **numerical solution of the RE**
 - Find the light distribution in a given scene that fulfils
 - The rendering equation
 - The „boundary conditions “ = i.e. the scene model
 - Methods
 - Finite elements (radiosity) – obsolete
 - **Monte Carlo** (stochastic ray tracing) – prevalent

Light

Realistic image synthesis



Different approaches to rendering

■ Phenomenological

- ❑ Traditional, “old” computer graphics
- ❑ E.g. Phong shading model, colors between 0 and 1, etc.

■ Physically-based

- ❑ Based on a proper mathematical formulation
- ❑ Rendering algorithms = numerical methods for solving the rendering equation
- ❑ Radiance values between 0 and infinity

Mathematical model

- Image synthesis (rendering) = light transport simulation
- We need a **mathematical model** for light
- Formulation of the model = choice of level of detail
 - No need to model the behavior of every single photon
 - Need simplifying assumptions

Light

- EM radiation (an EM wave propagating through space)

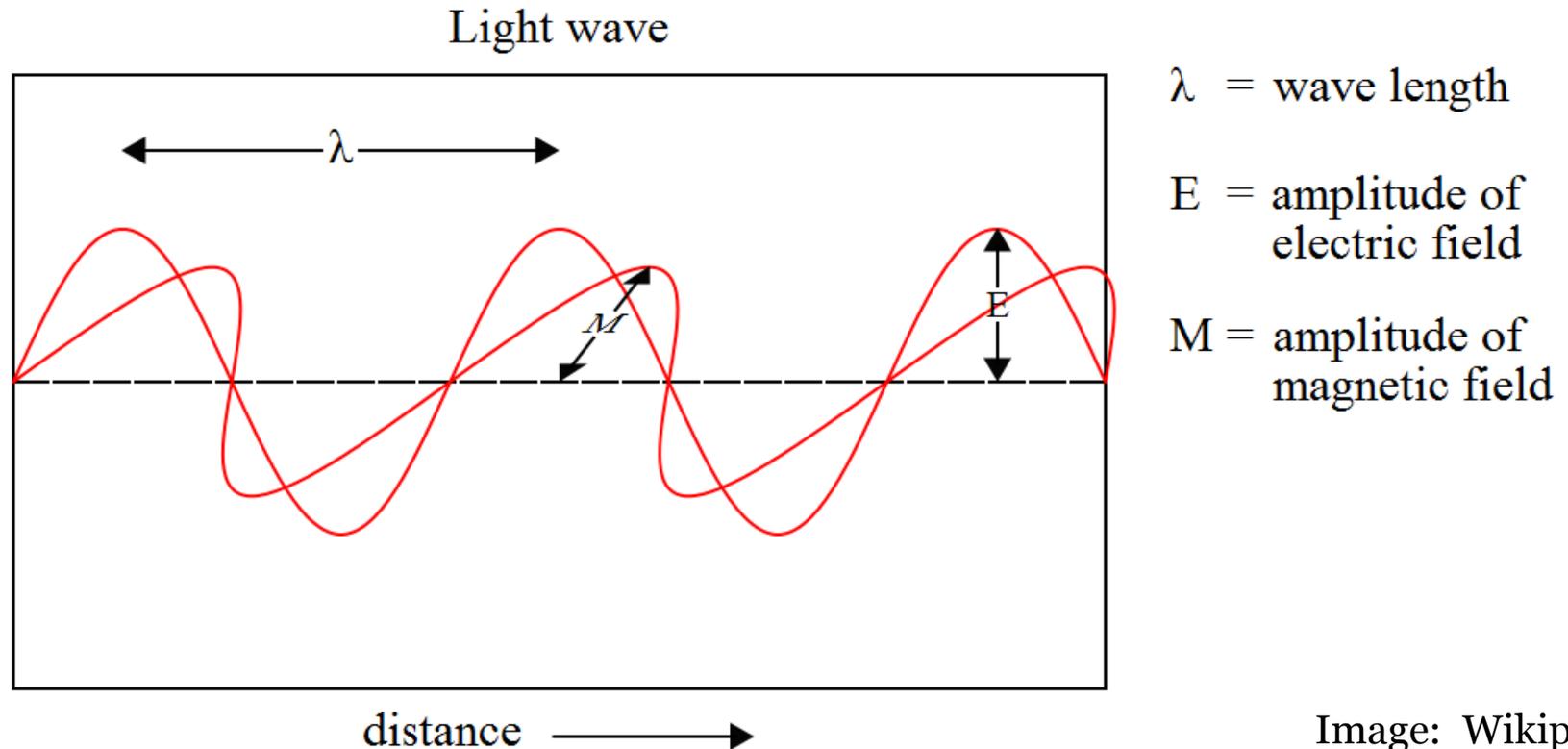


Image: Wikipedia

Light

- Frequency of oscillations => wavelength => perceived color

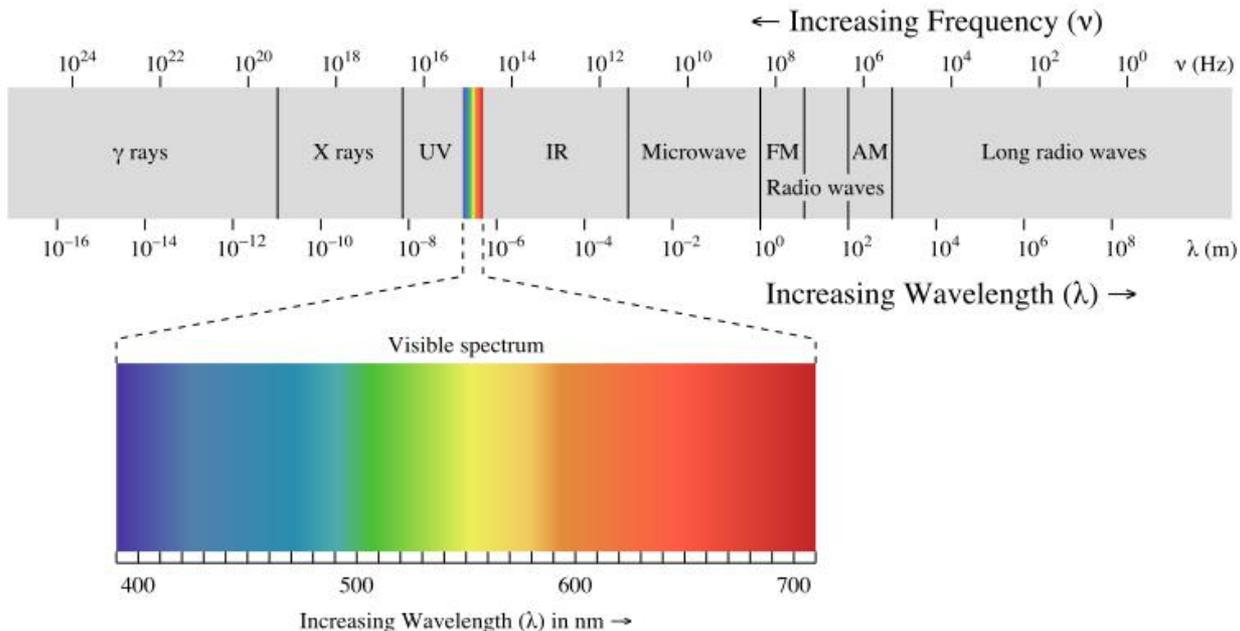


Image: Wikipedia

Various kinds of optics

- **Geometry (ray) optics**

- Most useful for rendering
- Describes bulk, macroscopic effects of light
- It is not a complete theory (Does not describe all observed phenomena, such as diffraction, interference etc.)

- **Wave optics** (light = E-M wave)

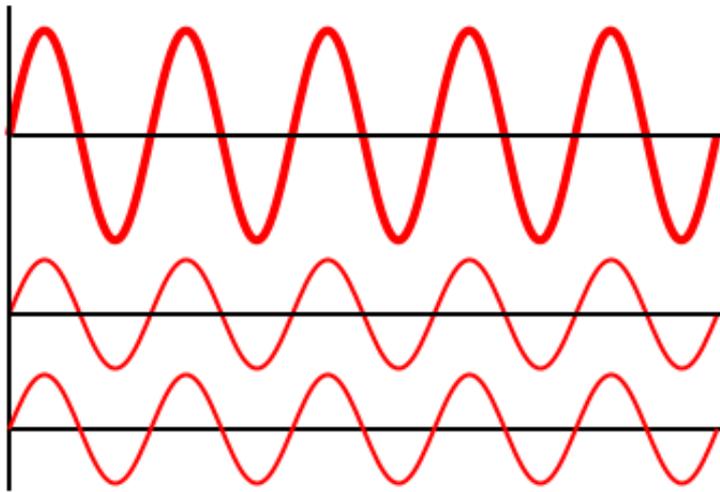
- Important when describing interaction of light with objects of size on par with the light wavelength
- Interference (soap bubbles), diffraction, dispersion

- **Quantum optics** (light = photons)

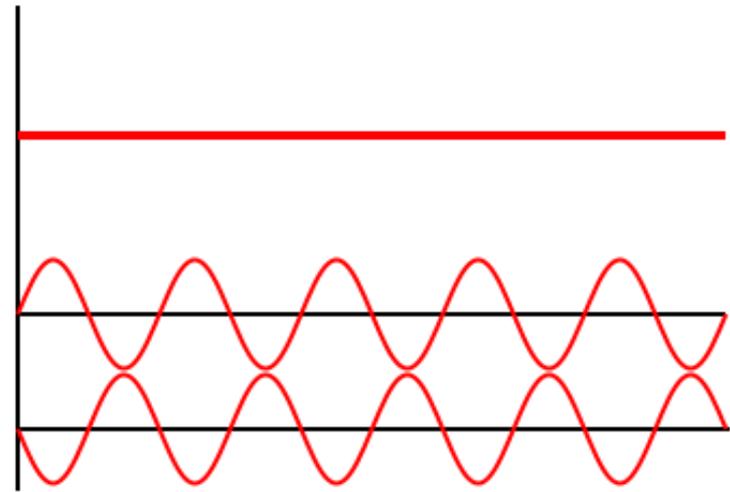
- Necessary to describe interaction of light with atoms

Effects of the wave nature of light

■ Interference



Constructive



Destructive

- Causes **iridescence** (structural coloration)

Iridescence

- Thin-film interference
- Color changes with the observation angle



Iridescence – Structural coloration

- Biological tissues can have layers causing interferences



Iridescence – Structural coloration

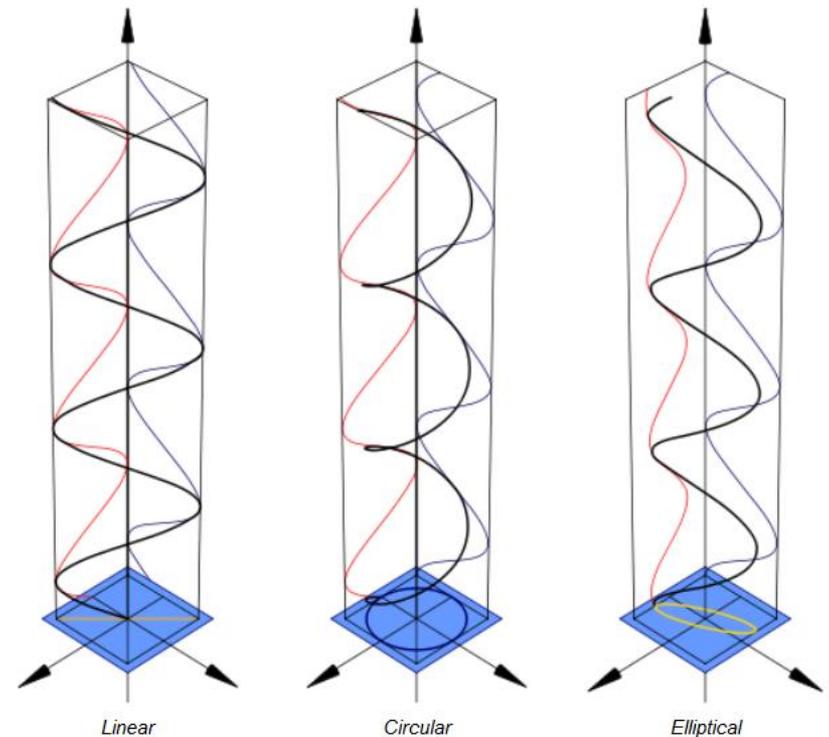


Iridescence – Structural coloration



Polarization

- Preferential orientation of the E-M waves with respect to the direction of travel
- Unpolarized light – many waves with different polarization
- More in the “Predictive rendering” class



Polarization

- Skylight is partially polarized



- Specular reflections are polarized

